

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

OMAHA, SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 1, 1897—TWENTY PAGES.

SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

PRINT THE DETAILS

Ear Charles Dilke's Demand in Regard to Bering Sea Dispatches.

PUBLIC'S RIGHT TO KNOW EVERYTHING

Existing Ill Feeling May Be Allayed by Just a Little Publicity.

GREAT BRITAIN'S LATEST ISLAND GRAB

Occupancy of Palmyra Inlet Also to Be Subject of Interpellation.

FLAGS TO BE REMOVED FROM BATTLE

General Lord Wolseley Says It is Madness and a Crime to Send a Man into an Engagement Bearing Colors.

(Copyright, 1897, by Press Publishing Company.) LONDON, July 31.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—Sir Charles Dilke tells me that he intends to press the under foreign secretary in the House of Commons Monday to promise to publish the Bering sea correspondence before the rising of Parliament next Saturday. Sir Charles good deal of feeling which now exists and that it is most undesirable that they should be withheld any longer. John W. Foster called today on the steamship St. Louis and the whole matter is understood to be in full train for settlement. The Palmyra inlet question will form a subject of inquiry in the House of Commons also on Monday. Mr. Davitt tells me that he proposes to ask the government "whether or not it is true that Palmyra inlet has been occupied recently as a British possession, and if so, was such occupation carried out by orders of the foreign office, whether or not the occupation of the inlet is temporary or permanent, and if permanent whether any communication to that effect will be addressed to the government of the Hawaiian republic or to any other power." The feeling here as expressed in the press and in political circles is strongly in favor of holding the inlet if it can be claimed as a British possession. There is little doubt that the British foreign office will claim it.

TOMMY ARMS STIRRED UP. The British army is much wrought up by two announcements just made. Lord Wolseley has said that it would be madness and a crime to ever send any man into action again carrying the regimental colors. Germany has adopted a plan of using the bare poles on which colors were formerly fixed, but he did not comment even that compromise. Sir Evelyn Wood, a possible future commander-in-chief, differs with him on this point. He has said: "It is superior to that of the colors, but it is cumbersome and is a waste of money. It is a piece of tawdry silk? You might as well say that because honor is invisible and faith impalpable, that they do not exist as load-stars to the human mind."

The other announcement is that a brigade of Foot Guards when removed to the new station at Gibraltar, is for the first time in history to abandon the famous "distinctive shako, which has always been a distinctive feature. Immense importance is attached to military men to these innovations. The feeling in the army is strongly shared by the public, so the government probably will be compelled to exercise its supreme authority.

DEPRECATE HERZEL'S PLAN. The picturesque proposal of Dr. Herzl of Vienna for floating a limited liability company in London with many millions capital to carry out the resettlement of the Jews in Palestine caused a stir in London. Dr. Adler, the leading rabbi, says: "I fully endorse what has been said. It is a noble idea of religious thought. I consider the holding of the proposed congress at Basle an egregious blunder. While I yield to none in being an ardent lover of Zion; while I lay the greatest possible stress on the importance of establishing colonies in Palestine; while I think it of the utmost moment to support generously and gently the various institutions in the Holy Land; while I believe Herzl's idea of establishing a Jewish state is a noble and a religiously mischievous. It is contrary to Jewish principles, to the teachings of the prophets and to the traditions of Judaism. It is a movement fraught with incalculable harm, one which can be entirely perverted and may lead people to think that we Israelites are not fired with ardent loyalty for the country in which it is our lot to be placed. In saying this, I believe I am expressing the opinion of a large number of the entire Anglo-Jewish community."

MAHARAJAH IS MASHED. The theatrical world in London has been vastly amused by this naive advertisement in a newspaper: "A telegram addressed to Miss Stothole, Kensington Hotel, Russell Road, London, from the Maharajah of Cooh Behar, has been received through Reuters' Agency, but cannot be delivered owing to incorrect address." Miss Stothole is a beautiful actress, who made the hearts of New York dudes go pit-pat two seasons ago. The Maharajah is a fabulously wealthy Indian potentate, whose admiration of English beauty brings him often to this country. The underling who sent the Maharajah's message through a public telegram agency probably will not escape with his life when his manner discovers the result.

EXPOSING SCOTCH SHYLOCKS. The investigating committee on money lending by committees appointed by the House of Commons continues to be one of the sensations of the hour. The most infamous specimens of the class yet exposed before the committee are Scotchmen. It has been known, too, that Kirkwood, some of whose practices were reported by cable last week, has been permitted to preach in Methodist chapels, although he has been frequently before the courts in usury cases. The principal business of these usurers is among young city clerks, who they subject to frightful extortion. One man named Court, examined yesterday, confessed that his clients were almost exclusively bank clerks, and confessed that he selected only those banks where the clerks would be instantly dismissed if it were known that they were borrowing. The committee has adjourned until the next session of Parliament, but a demand has been lodged already for a subpoena for Sam Lewis, the most extensive and most successful money lender in England. He has made a vast fortune. His wife's diamonds, equipage and opera box are the best money can buy. Lewis

READY TO ARBITRATE

Great Britain is Fully Prepared for the Far Seal Conference.

SATISFIED AT PROSPECTIVE SETTLEMENT

Looks Like a Triumph for the United States in Advance.

PROBABLE PERSONNEL OF THE BOARD

England is Indifferent So Long as Canada is Satisfied.

SPANISH GOVERNMENT IS BILLOUSE

Likely to Fly Into the Face of Fate and Rashly Declare War Against the United States.

(Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, July 31.—Much discussion is expressed in official and mercantile circles at the prospective settlement of the seal question by aid of the Washington conference, especially as such an arrangement will remove a cause of friction between the United States and Great Britain. Although at the outset of Mr. Foster's journey diplomatists and newspapers here ridiculed the idea that there was anything necessary to be done, Ambassador Hay and Mr. Foster have completely changed this view, and Great Britain is finally doing everything possible to meet the views of the United States. Doubtless this is partly owing to the support Mr. Foster's ideas received from Russia and Canada. Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Davies have long favored a conciliatory attitude toward the proposals of the United States. The conference will meet the third or fourth week in October, the exact date being left to be determined by the arrival of the British experts from the sealing grounds. Great Britain will be represented by Sir Julian Pauncefote, the ambassador, and Prof. Darryl Thompson. The United States will probably be represented by John W. Foster, Japan by the Japanese minister at Washington and Russia by a commission headed by Dr. Martens, professor of international law at the University of St. Petersburg, who was delegated by Russia to hold the preliminary talks with Mr. Foster. Canada will be represented by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Davies. The conference will discuss the whole question as raised by the United States, will draft a scheme of protection for the seals, and will decide all open claims. Its report will be adopted referendum, but as Russia and Japan are entirely favorable to the protection of the United States, and as Great Britain is indifferent so long as Canada is satisfied, the conference may be said to be a diplomatic triumph for the United States and a personal triumph for Mr. Foster. Unless it results in a divided report, which is not expected, the governments concerned will immediately embody the scheme in a permanent agreement, either in the form of an agreement or a memorandum, so that it can be executed in the season of 1898.

SPAIN WANTS WAR. A Spanish diplomat who is in close touch with Senor Canovas del Castillo, the Spanish premier, informs the correspondent of the Associated Press that it is useless longer to attempt to disguise the fact that the Spanish ministry is in a very tight place. He says: "We can keep up the war in Cuba only so long as our funds last, and the time when they will fall is almost in sight. When it comes we must give up the struggle. We are too proud a race to do so at anybody's demand, but we can do so by pleading force majeure in a war with the United States. Such a result naturally would be very unpleasant to us, but in order to prevent a revolution in Spain and the overthrow of the monarchy war is the only way out. The premier knows from President McKinley directly that the president personally does not want war and wishes to save us from the cost and the bloodshed. But his cabinet only partly shares his views, while the senate, the house of representatives, the American press and the people of the United States favor a settlement with big guns. President McKinley, however, while first for peace, has declared himself as being unwilling from war if peace measures fail. This is the position and naturally lends strength to the independent course which General Woodford will pursue. His instructions will be at the outset to attempt to obtain for Cuba the peaceful means of Cuban independence. He is destined to be defeated in his proposal the moment it is made, for Spain would infinitely prefer war, with or without the encouragement of other nations, to any surrender on the Cuban question. This is the fact and the premier goes no other way out of the question, impasse in Spanish politics. He will court war the moment the United States becomes imperative in its demands. The wave of great emotion and patriotism such a war would call out in Spain would naturally sink all threatening domestic questions and disturbances. The Carlists, republicans and all others have united for the nation as they could be united by nothing else; and when defeated, if Spain should be defeated, Cuba could be surrendered without impeding all present political and monarchical institutions."

The engineers' dispute has apparently settled down to a prolonged struggle. Both masters and men are unyielding. The former's position has been strengthened by the fact that the Northampton cycle employers have joined the employers' federation and issued lockout notices to 25 per cent of their employees. The engineers have responded by calling out the other 75 per cent. The masters held a meeting on Wednesday and declared that they were more than ever determined to resist the action of the engineers. It is announced, on the contrary, by trade union statements, not signed, that a member of the employers' federation in the vicinity of London had yielded to the demand for an eight-hour day.

SNIFFS A CONSPIRACY. The Spectator in a gloomy article, entitled "Aggressions of American Wealth," refers to the retirement of President Andrews from Brown university and Prof. Bemis from Chicago university, saying: "We can scarcely escape the conclusion that a conspiracy exists among the heads of trusts in America to interfere with the freedom of teaching in the universities so far as economic questions are concerned, in order that nothing shall be uttered which has not received the trademark of monopoly approval."

The paper pictures the Americans as reduced almost to the situation of Russia by the censorship of wealthy magnates over the universities, and says: "Capitalists have subsidized the pulpits, bought up the press, seated well paid attorneys in the senate and finally have stretched their hands out to the colleges, which it is an easy thing to capture, such generosity as Mr. Rockefeller's, appears to be their intention to convert the United States into a powerful oligarchy, and they will extend the sway of that oligarchy to other lands when they can."

GREAT BRITAIN'S DESTINY. Conference Concerning the Metropolitan to Be Held in a London Hotel. (Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, July 31.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram.)—Mr. Croker returned to London this morning after the week at the Goodwood races. He made his appearance early in the day and strolled out to the Hotel Cecil, where his presence created a stir in the American contingent. Judge Truax is staying there and J. Sargent Cram has engaged rooms. It is common talk in Greater New York that Mr. Croker is looking infinitely better than when he was in New York last May. His cheeks are rosy, his hands are steady and his compressed lips are firmer than ever. He has disavowed repeatedly any desire to be mayor of Greater New York, but his manner shows that the assurances that he could be mayor if he wished to be give him great satisfaction. He has held no important conference yet with New York politicians here, notwithstanding reports to the contrary. Several existing interviews with the chief magistrate, but they have been disappointed to date. In speaking of his horses, Mr. Croker said to your correspondent: "The laws of handicapping are so strict here that it makes all the difference in an animal's chances, no matter what its speed. My horse America did well, but I hope better things from him next week at Brighton, where he is entered." Throughout his conversation it was easy to detect an undertone of dissatisfaction with his experience on the English turf.

THEATRICAL GOSSIP OF LONDON. Daniel Frohman Sells for New York with a Budget of Contracts. (Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, July 31.—Daniel Frohman, who sells for New York City morning papers, a budget of contracts and new plays for the Lyceum theater. In addition to "The Princess and the Butterfly," which will open the season at that theater in November, he has another new play by Mr. Pinero, of the "Sweet Lavender" style, and also a comedy entitled "The Trifle," by Geny Arthur Jones; a comedy by Mr. Parker, a comedy-drama by Jerome K. Jerome and a play by Anthony Hope and Edward Rose.

Considerable interest is felt in the French production of "Secret Service." The adaptation is being made by M. Descourelles, the author of "Two Little Nargabonds." Whether the action of the play is sufficiently stirring to carry it without the local coloring and accent, which will be largely lost in a translation, is a question. An almost equally interesting experiment will be the work of the English company, headed by William Terriss, which will begin a short season at the Adelphi on Monday, August 9. The suit which was brought by Olga Nethercole against the Messrs. Frohman as a result of business differences during her last American tour, has been settled. The Frohmans have paid a sum of money into court and the settlement and the suit has been discontinued.

German and French versions of "The Wizard of the Nile" will be produced in France, Germany and Belgium at the same time the opera is brought out in England. Stephen Crane has announced that he likes England so well that he will make London his home. Mr. Crane's books have found their way into this country and he is receiving considerable attention in literary circles here.

WORST FLOOD IN A CENTURY. Over One Hundred Persons Drowned on the Continent. BERLIN, July 31.—The devastation caused by the floods in Silesia is widespread. Nothing has been secured in the district near the city. The loss already reaches many millions of marks. It is estimated that 100 persons have perished by drowning in Silesia and Loeban.

At Loeban, a town hall recently built and two other large structures have collapsed. The rivers are still rising. At least the people are leaving their houses. It is feared that the great Elisabeth bridge will be swept away. A large bridge at Laufen has been torn down by the floods. The emperor, who displays the greatest interest in the situation, is being kept closely advised from all parts of the devastated district.

LONDON, July 31.—A special dispatch from St. Petersburg says that the Novosti estimates that at least 150 persons have perished in the recent floods at Kertch in the Crimea. Kertch is a fortified town, on a tongue of land forming a peninsula, which district is noted for its mud volcanoes, on the strait of Yenikale, connecting the Sea of Azov with the Black sea. It is said that of the ancient Panticapaeum, the residence and burial place of the celebrated Mitridates. The modern town is of very recent origin. In 1827 it was declared a free port. The government has established a naval yard there.

KING GEORGE MAY ABDICATE. Another Hint that the Grecians Thrown Will Be Vented. PARIS, July 31.—It is rumored that the possible abdication of the king of Greece has inspired the following dispatch from Athens: "It is stated on good authority that in the event of a proposed looking to the establishment of foreign control of the Grecian finances being adopted by the powers, the king will make a declaration of exceptional gravity."

BERLIN, July 31.—The Post says: Russia and Germany have counselled Greece to submit to the conditions imposed by the powers. M. Raill, the premier, replied of Berlin that Greece would never entertain the idea of financial control proposed, and that she would help herself.

Foster Sells for Home. LONDON, July 31.—John W. Foster left for New York by the St. Louis from Southampton this morning. He is accompanied by the members of the United States embassy were at Waterloo station to bid him farewell. Prince Chang Yun Hoon, the special envoy of China to the jubilee festivities, is also a passenger by the St. Louis.

VISIT TO THE CZAR

Kaiser Ready to Make His Entry Into Russia's Broad Domain.

REACHES KIEL ON HIS IMPERIAL YACHT

Starts Thursday with His Suite for the Russian Capital.

NICHOLAS WILL MEET HIM AT PETERHOF

Royal Welcome by Municipal Authorities of St. Petersburg.

AC ID COMMENTS ON DINGLEY TARIFF

German Press Does Not Like the Measure, but is Not Unaware that Reprisals May Prove Boomerangs.

(Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.) BERLIN, July 31.—Emperor William reached Kiel on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern yesterday. On Thursday next, accompanied by the press and by the entire fleet, under command of Prince Henry of Prussia, his majesty will start for St. Petersburg to visit the czar. Prince Hohenzollern will join the emperor at Peterhof. The municipal authorities of St. Petersburg will signalize the visit by presenting to their majesties alices of bread on a silver dish and salt in a silver salt cellar, both richly ornamented in the Russian style and engraved with the joint arms of St. Petersburg and Germany. Upon the rim of the dish is the following inscription: "To their majesties, the emperor and empress of Germany." The grand autumn military maneuvers at Hamburg will begin on September 2, and will continue to the 10th. The prince of Wales will be among the guests of the kaiser at the principal reviews. He has modified his plans and will take a course of the water next month of Marienbad, instead of at Homburg, as hitherto. This decision has greatly excited the townfolk of Marienbad and correspondingly depressed the Homburg people, who had come to look upon his visit as an annual festival.

EGYPTIAN OPHTHALMIA. Prof. Hirschberg, the well known authority on ophthalmia, has finished his examination into the cause of Egyptian ophthalmia, which is now prevalent in many parts of Prussia. In the course of his report to the government he says: "The old opinion that the heat and dust helped to propagate the disease is no longer tenable. The disease is most prevalent along river waters and in bogs and lake districts. It is never found in the uplands. Out of the cases which were examined under my supervision I found from 20 to 47 per cent among the children in village schools, ten to 15 in town schools and 5 per cent in high schools. The chief remedy is an improvement of social conditions."

Dr. Arthur Korteggen, head of the celebrated school at Frankfurt, died suddenly at Interlaken last Monday. He was 59 years of age and until within a few years was headmaster of the well known school at Bonn, where many prominent Americans and Englishmen have been educated. He was a leading authority on educational matters throughout Germany. The empress has varied the monotony of her stay at Tegernsee by a visit to Munich. She was accompanied by the five princely children and the archduchess, and visited all the sights and lunched with the prince regent, who proposed her majesty's health, saying: "I am deeply touched by this distinguished visit which her majesty has been good enough to make me. I beg leave to propose her majesty's health."

GOSSIP ABOUT SHERMAN. The rumors in London concerning the possible retirement of Secretary Sherman are resuscitated here, even in official German and American circles, but with this difference, that Mr. Sherman is to be succeeded not by Whitehall Reid, but by Ambassador White. Goetz even goes so far as to attribute Mr. White's hesitation to leave the Kaiserhof hotel for permanent quarters to the possibility of his having soon to return to Washington.

The comments of the German press upon the Dingley tariff are extremely acrid, but great satisfaction is expressed at the fact that large quantities of German goods were sent to the United States in anticipation of the event. While wishing to revenge themselves upon the Americans the most chauvinistic journals are not blind to the fact that reprisals on the part of Germany would hurt her boomerangs. General Count von Blumenthal, the only surviving commodore of the army of 1870-71 completed today a term of seventy years service. Prince Bismarck is in excellent health. On Wednesday he received Prince Schlieffen-Carolath, the new commander of the Halberstadt cuirassiers, of which regiment the prince regent, who has just returned from his tour of duty in the United States, is a member of the staff.

EXPOSITION GUARANTORS OBJECT. Owing to the financial failure of the Berlin exposition of 1896, the committee recently announced that the 50 per cent guarantee fund would have to be sacrificed. This resulted in a large meeting of signers of the guarantee on Monday. The meeting declared unanimously that it did not recognize the right of the committee to adopt such a measure and a desperate effort will be made to place the responsibilities upon the shoulders of the committee.

The supposed infernal machine which exploded in a mall bag during the transfer of mails at the Potsdam railway station early in the week, turned out to be only a package of large torpedoes, of the kind used by cyclists to frighten dogs. The whole liberal press is in arms against the act of a sentry who killed an escaping soldier under peculiarly atrocious circumstances. The man, Sarenba, had overstepped the boundaries of the fortifications at Dantzig and was being taken to the guard house, when he broke away and ran. The sentry fired and the bullet passed through Sarenba's head and two walls of an iron kiosk, burying itself in a brick wall. This certainly proves the efficiency of the German guns, but the incident adds fuel to the flame of popular resentment against military severity.

United States Consul General Charles De Kay will return to New York in September.

Maximum Customs Tariff. CHRISTIANIA, July 31.—The Storting has authorized a maximum customs tariff against all countries, according to less favorable treatment to Norwegian products and ships than is accorded to other countries.

Authorities Near Rides. MADRID, July 31.—The authorities at Victoria, province of Alva, have seized eighteen cases of rice destined for Malaga.

THE BEE BULLETIN.

Weather Forecast for Nebraska—Fair, Continued High Temperature.

- 1. May Publish Bering Sea Dispatches. Outlook for a Seal Conference. Kaiser Starts on His Russian Trip. Efforts of the Gang to Beat White. 2. Situation in the Michigan Districts. Attempted Murder at South Omaha. 3. Hot Weather Makes the Corn Grow. Cost of Lighting the State Capitol. Wyoming's Stock Raising Interests. 4. Last Week in Omaha Social Circles. 5. Church How's New Consulate. Pointers on Locating Sugar Factories. No Trouble Over Alaskan Boundary. Legion Society Will Take a Rest. 6. Council Bluffs Local Matters. 7. Saturday's Sporting Record. 8. Denver Railroad Rumor Laughed At. Government's Exposition Building. Repairs Begin on Omaha Streets. 9. Health Scientists at Topeka. Book Written by George Washington. 10. Woman: Her Ways and Her World. 11. "An Uncle from London." Salmon Season in the Northwest. 12. Editorial and Comment. 13. Samson Catches a Convention. Miracle Workers Make Money. 14. Echoes from the Ante Rooms. 15. Commercial and Financial News. 16. "Shrewsbury." 17. Weekly Grist of Sporting Gossip. 18. In the World of Whirling Wheels. Quaint Bits of Life in Cairo.

JULY CLOSES WITH A SCORCHER.

Furnishes the Highest Temperature Recorded This Season.

Table with 4 columns: Hour, Deg., Hour, Deg.
3 a. m. 70 1 p. m. 100
4 a. m. 72 2 p. m. 100
7 a. m. 78 3 p. m. 102
8 a. m. 80 4 p. m. 101
9 a. m. 82 5 p. m. 101
10 a. m. 83 6 p. m. 99
11 a. m. 85 7 p. m. 96
12 m. 87

Yesterday was the banner day of the summer. It beat the record for the year by three degrees. The maximum recorded for the day was 102 degrees. The thermometer remained at 100 and over for four hours during the afternoon. The weather authorities say there are good chances for showers, and that cooler weather will come within twenty-four hours.

KANSAS CITY STILL SWEETERS.

Thermometer Takes Another Rise and Marks 101 Degrees. KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 31.—The unusually hot weather here continues. At 2 o'clock this afternoon the government weather bureau reported 100 degrees of heat and from 3 p. m. until nearly 5 p. m. 101 degrees, or within 2 degrees of the hottest weather ever known here. The humidity is low, however, and the atmosphere comparatively dry, and as a consequence there have not been over a dozen prostrations and but one fatality during the two days on which the thermometer has been above 100.

Reports received here indicate that 100 degrees and over of heat was general today and yesterday throughout Kansas and northwestern Missouri, and that in many sections serious damage is being done to the corn crop. From southern and western Kansas, where hot winds are blowing, and where rain has been needed for several days, the reports are particularly gloomy, several counties reporting the crop practically destroyed. In other sections of the state, north and east, rain has fallen recently and the outlook is more encouraging.

SENSATION IN COURT CIRCLES.

Leadville, Colo., Grand Jury Indicts Prominent Officials. LEADVILLE, Colo., July 31.—The day has been full of sensation in court circles. Two weeks ago District Court Judge Owens delivered a strong charge to the grand jury relative to the suppression of gambling and prostitution. The charge was directly aimed at owners of buildings used for gambling and prostitution and alleged that prominent police officials were guilty of renting houses for these purposes. Judge Owens' charge also demanded an investigation of the practice of the city in collecting licenses for prostitution and gambling. The jury consists of prominent business men and their ministers, and it was an open secret that the jury was not in sympathy with the judge in his action.

Today the jury handed in an elaborate report and with it some forty indictments, most of them against court officials. There are two against Judge Owens for failing to enforce the law against gambling, prostitution and Sunday opening, also against the sheriff, against county commissioners for trafficking in warrants against the present mayor, C. E. Dickinson, and former Mayor Nicholson for failure to do their duty to enforce the laws, and against the present and former boards of aldermen for alleged neglect of duty.

Judge Owens, after the report of the jury, made a closing statement, alleging that the report was intended as a deliberate insult to the court and that the jury had failed in its duty by neglecting to indict owners of buildings and certain police officials. The entire proceeding has stirred up a tremendous sensation and there is no telling where it will end.

BANKER SPALDING IS CONVICTED.

Must Serve a Sentence in the State Penitentiary. CHICAGO, July 31.—Charles W. Spalding, ex-president of the Globe Savings bank, was today found guilty of embezzlement, and his sentence was fixed at imprisonment in the penitentiary. The specific charge against Spalding was the embezzlement of bonds of Macoupin county, Illinois, belonging to the State University of Illinois, of which Spalding was treasurer, and valued at \$25,000.

This was Spalding's third trial, and the evidence submitted to the jury was practically the same as on the former trials. In those he was acquitted because the jury believed that he had embezzled the bonds without "intent to embezzle." The jury found him guilty on the same grounds on which he was twice acquitted, the only difference being that they took a different view of Spalding's intentions. The prisoner took the verdict very hard, and sat with bowed head while the clerk read the finding of the jury. He will make a hard fight before he goes to the penitentiary, and will carry the case up to the highest court. The length of his sentence is settled by the prison board of the state.

INSURGENTS IN HAVANA SUBURBS.

HAVANA, July 31.—The insurgents under Juan Delgado approached the outskirts of Havana, twelve miles from Havana, and plundered several stores and private residences. It is denied that any insurgent camp exists within many miles of the city.

Six Killed on a Mountain.

BERLIN, July 31.—As a result of a mountain slide in the southern slope of the Kopsen, one of the Rhen-Gebirge peaks, six persons were killed.

HIS FRIENDS FIRM

Opponents of Ex-Chief White Unable to Agree on Their Man.

W. H. GREEN IS THE LATEST DARK HORSE

New Candidate for Chief Says He is in His Friends' Hands.

COMMOTION IN FUSION POLITICAL CIRCLES

Democrats Indignant at the Attitude of the World-Herald.

EX-CHIEF WHITE'S GOOD POLICE RECORD

Testimonials to His Efficiency from All the Principal Officers of Chicago Police Department When He First Came to Omaha.

The Board of Fire and Police Commissioners is expected to have another go at the question of a new chief of police at its meeting tomorrow evening. As yet the resignation from Chief Sigwart has not made its appearance and the chief will not say positively whether or not it will be forthcoming. It has come out that the name of the dark horse who is to be sprung by the gang which was formerly behind the candidacy of S. A. Donnelly in W. H. Green, a real estate dealer. Mr. Green, when approached yesterday with the question whether or not he was a candidate for the position of chief of police, declined to express himself, but stated that he understood his friends had presented his name and that he was in the hands of his friends. His friends were pushing him, he said, but he did not know who they were and preferred not to mention any names. With respect to his qualifications for police work he was also equally silent, and could not bear any experience in the line of police duty on which his claims might be based. On inquiry, it was found that the friends referred to by Mr. Green as pushing his candidacy for chief of police consist almost exclusively of W. H. Green himself.

Mr. Green was in the real estate business in Omaha years ago, but having boomed himself out, went south to Mobile and other southern points and has been engaged in booming Texas real estate lots. He has been busy for several days circulating petitions among his fellow real estate dealers and other friends, and asking for endorsements to be presented to the police board. Mr. Green's candidacy, however, is not entirely satisfactory, even to the elements that have been opposing ex-Chief White.

FUSION LEADERS AT SEA.

The commission which the failure of the police board to make a report has caused in fusion circles seems to have spread out of Omaha. Chairman Dahlman of the democratic state committee and W. H. Thompson of Grand Island, who is one of the prominent aspirants for the fusion nomination for supreme court judge, were in the city yesterday trying to straighten out the kinks.

The action of the World-Herald and its editor in coming out in opposition to Martin White, after having given repeated promises to prominent democrats that that paper would not oppose him, and that its editor and owner would use their influence in behalf of White, is still eliciting expressions of indignation in fusion circles. This indignation has been heightened by the more recent attempt of the World-Herald to deny ex-Chief White's record as an officer, particularly when taken in connection with the promise of the World-Herald to support "What do I know about ex-Chief White's record as an officer?" said ex-Police Commissioner D. Clem Deaver last night. "No attempt to question Mr. White's ability can be successful. I was the member of the police board who went to Chicago in 1895 to look up Mr. White's standing, previous to his appointment as chief of police of Omaha. To all of my inquiries I received only the most favorable and commendatory replies. Ex-Chief White never claimed to support the Chicago police force, and the letters printed in the World-Herald from Chief Kiple of Chicago giving that information tell nothing new. Mr. White was assistant special agent of the Milwaukee Railway company at the time he was elected chief of police by our board, and he presented letters from police authorities which testified to his long experience in police work and executive ability, proved by handling and disciplining large bodies of men. His services as chief of police here fully bore out the reputation which his friends gave him."

SOME HIGH CLASS TESTIMONIALS.

Some of the letters of recommendation to which ex-Commissioner Deaver refers and which were presented for the inspection of members of the board that brought ex-Chief White to Omaha two years ago are here reproduced: CHICAGO, June 19, 1895.—To Whom It May Concern: I have known Mr. Martin White, connected with the detective department of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, for many years, and he has frequently cooperated with us and rendered most excellent service in the line of criminal investigation in cases where our police department and the railway company were interested.

Mr. White is reliable, trustworthy and competent, has a thorough knowledge of all details pertaining to police and detective business and is without a perfect gentleman throughout. I understand that he has been or is about to be selected for the position of chief of police for the city of Omaha, Neb. If so, the said city of Omaha is to be congratulated upon its wise and very good selection. If I were requested to recommend a person for such place I know of none that I could more cheerfully recommend than him.

M. BRENNAN, Ex-Superintendent of Police, Chicago, Ill.

CHICAGO, June 24, 1895.—To Whom It May Concern: This is to certify that I have known the bearer, Mr. Martin White, during the past ten years, and in that time I have always found him to be a gentleman. Regarding his executive and detective ability, I take great pleasure in commending. Very respectfully, F. WMAN LEWIS, Inspector of Police, and now Assistant Superintendent of Police Under Chief Kiple.

CHICAGO, Department of Police, June 12, 1895.—To Whom It May Concern: This is to certify that I have known Martin White for the past ten years and the similarity of our

HIS FRIENDS FIRM

Opponents of Ex-Chief White Unable to Agree on Their Man.

W. H. GREEN IS THE LATEST DARK HORSE

New Candidate for Chief Says He is in His Friends' Hands.

COMMOTION IN FUSION POLITICAL CIRCLES

Democrats Indignant at the Attitude of the World-Herald.

EX-CHIEF WHITE'S GOOD POLICE RECORD

Testimonials to His Efficiency from All the Principal Officers of Chicago Police Department When He First Came to Omaha.

The Board of Fire and Police Commissioners is expected to have another go at the question of a new chief of police at its meeting tomorrow evening. As yet the resignation from Chief Sigwart has not made its appearance and the chief will not say positively whether or not it will be forthcoming. It has come out that the name of the dark horse who is to be sprung by the gang which was formerly behind the candidacy of S. A. Donnelly in W. H. Green, a real estate dealer. Mr. Green, when approached yesterday with the question whether or not he was a candidate for the position of chief of police, declined to express himself, but stated that he understood his friends had presented his name and that he was in the hands of his friends. His friends were pushing him, he said, but he did not know who they were and preferred not to mention any names. With respect to his qualifications for police work he was also equally silent, and could not bear any experience in the line of police duty on which his claims might be based. On inquiry, it was found that the friends referred to by Mr. Green as pushing his candidacy for chief of police consist almost exclusively of W. H. Green himself.

Mr. Green was in the real estate business in Omaha years ago, but having boomed himself out, went south to Mobile and other southern points and has been engaged in booming Texas real estate lots. He has been busy for several days circulating petitions among his fellow real estate dealers and other friends, and asking for endorsements to be presented to the police board. Mr. Green's candidacy, however, is not entirely satisfactory, even to the elements that have been opposing ex-Chief White.

FUSION LEADERS AT SEA.

The commission which the failure of the police board to make a report has caused in fusion circles seems to have spread out of Omaha. Chairman Dahlman of the democratic state committee and W. H. Thompson of Grand Island, who is one of the prominent aspirants for the fusion nomination for supreme court judge, were in the city yesterday trying to straighten out the kinks.

The action of the World-Herald and its editor in coming out in opposition to Martin White, after having given repeated promises to prominent democrats that that paper would not oppose him, and that its editor and owner would use their influence in behalf of White, is still eliciting expressions of indignation in fusion circles. This indignation has been heightened by the more recent attempt of the World-Herald to deny ex-Chief White's record as an officer, particularly when taken in connection with the promise of the World-Herald to support "What do I know about ex-Chief White's record as an officer?" said ex-Police Commissioner D. Clem Deaver last